## **Editorial**

Dear Readers,

Greetings and Good Wishes!!!

The goal of any scientific activity is the acquisition of new knowledge. In scientific research, new knowledge or scientific results are obtained by an investigation or study. The validity of any scientific study depends on the manner in which the data are collected. The review article by Suresh et al is devoted to a time-tested design for the acquisition of scientifically valid information—"The Randomization."

It is a continuing debate when it comes to recombinant luteinizing hormone (LH) *vs* human menopausal gonadotropin for supplementation of LH activity in controlled ovarian stimulation. Retrospective analysis by Rajinikanthan et al is an effort to explore the same arena.

There is a clear association between extremes of weight and infertility. And, this is directly or indirectly associated with dietary habits. Cross-sectional study by Alabd et al is to assess the role of diet and dietary habits on women fertility.

Bioelectric impedance analysis is a noninvasive measure of body fat. Pilot study by Pallavi et al is the analysis of body fat by this method in polycystic ovary syndrome women and to study the effect of exercise on body fat, menstrual function, and fertility outcome.

We are presenting two case reports in this issue: First is on congenital high airway obstruction syndrome and the second is on acardiac twin.

Knowledge and scientific achievements' dissemination is essential for scientific progress. In this issue, I intend to invite researchers and authors to submit more and more original research and review articles. The more the knowledge is accessible, the greater is its dissemination, which is mainly carried from the publication of scientific advances in journals.

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